

Autism Society of America or other autism or disability support groups to help offer training on autism and assist victim assistance organizations in improving their services for individuals with autism spectrum disorders.



# Improving the Lives of All Affected by Autism.

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If you appreciated the information contained in this publication, please consider offering support through a donation that will continue the availability of this information to others in need. Help us continue the work so vital to the autism community by making a tax-deductible donation at www.autism-society.org/supportasa.

### **RESOURCES**

#### **Crime Victim Organizations**

Office for Victims of Crime, U.S. Department of Justice 1-800-851-3420 ~ www.ojp.usdoj.gov/ovc/

National Center for Victims of Crime (NCVC) 1-800-394-2255 ~ www.ncvc.org/

National Organization for Victim Assistance (NOVA) 1-800-879-6682 ~ www.trynova.org/

Childhelp USA National Child Abuse Hotline 1-800-442-4453 ~ www.childhelp.org/

National Domestic Violence Hotline 1-800-799-7233 ~ www.ndvh.org/

National Resource Center on Domestic Violence 1-800-537-2238 ~ www.nrcdv.org/

Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network (RAINN) 1-800-656-4673 ~ www.rainn.org/

#### **Autism and Crime**

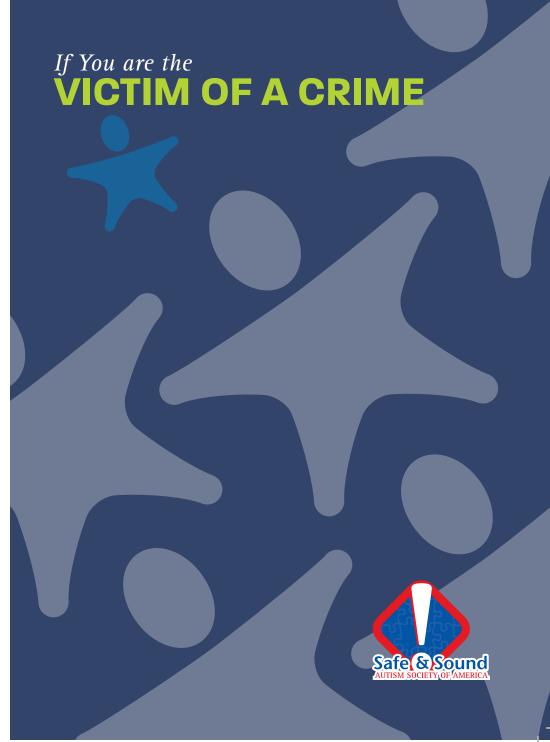
Autism Society of America ~ 1-800-3AUTISM www.autism-society.org/safeandsound

Find local resources for victims of crime at Autism Source™, ASA's on-line referral database www.autismsource.org

Disability, Abuse & Personal Rights Project www.disability-abuse.com

LEAN (Law Enforcement Awareness Network) on Us www.leanonus.org

Autism Risk and Safety Management www.autismriskmanagement.com/



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# BEING THE VICTIM OF A CRIME IS VERY SCARY.

If you are someone with an autism spectrum disorder (ASD) and have difficulty communicating, you may be even more worried about reporting the crime to the police, getting help for yourself, making sure the person who committed the crime against you is caught, and getting back to your normal routine.

You should know that you have rights and that there are people who can help you. Because of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), a law that makes services accessible to people with disabilities, and the Victims of Crime Act (VOCA), a law that helps to create and improve services to victims of crime, more and more services are available to people who have been the victim of crime, including people with autism and other disabilities.



In most states, victims of crime have specific rights that are in a state's constitution and laws. They include:

- THE RIGHT to know about all court activities that have to do with the crime.
- THE RIGHT to be safe from the person accused of the crime.
- THE RIGHT to say something about how the crime has affected you when the criminal is sentenced.
- THE RIGHT to information about how the person who committed the crime is punished, including how long they will be in jail and when they will get out.
- THE RIGHT to make the criminal pay you "restitution." This means you
  may be able to get money to help pay for things like medical expenses,
  lost wages, counseling expenses, lost or damaged property, and other
  expenses that you have to pay for because you were a victim of crime.
- THE RIGHT to be given information about your rights.



If you need help to understand and assert these rights, you have the right to "accommodations" under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and other laws. If you communicate using pictures or a special communication device, if you need to be in a quiet room without fluorescent lights or loud noises, or if you need frequent breaks when talking to the police or lawyers, you can ask for an "accommodation" based on your specific needs.

### **CRIME VICTIMS' SERVICES**

In every state there are programs that provide services for crime victims like you. If you do not know what services are available to you, contact your state's Victim Assistance Program. The Victim Assistance Program can connect you with services in your community. Some services may be a telephone hotline, shelter, a counselor, legal help, someone to meet you at the hospital, someone to come with you when you have to go to court, and information and referral to other services that can help you. The Victim Assistance Program will also tru to help you find service providers with some knowledge of ASD. In some places, however, a victim assistance organization might need to work as a partner with an autism or disability organization to give you services. This way, you can receive crime victim services that meet your particular needs. It is important that you let the people who love and support you, as well as the professionals, know what you need so that they can help you.

As well as assistance services, programs in your state also assist with "compensation" for

crime victims by reimbursing them for expenses they had as a result of a crime (also called "restitution"). Expenses covered may include such things as medical costs, counseling, lost wages, etc. Because of your autism, you may need services that are slightly different or that last longer than someone else—everyone experiences crime differently, and you should think about this when you are seeking "restitution."

For assistance finding your state's Victim Assistance and Compensation Programs, call the federal Office for Victims of Crime at 1-800-851-3420 (TTY 1-877-712-9279). The Office for Victims of Crime also has an online resource directory available at http://www.ovc.gov/help/links.htm.

## WORKING IN YOUR COMMUNITY

Crime victim assistance organizations have different levels of knowledge about autism and other disabilities. Some know a great deal while others are just beginning to learn about autism. As someone on the autism spectrum, you may want to volunteer your time and knowledge to help your local victim assistance organizations in understanding the autism spectrum and how to help individuals with autism. The more familiar crime victim professionals are with autism, the better they are able to help crime victims with autism get their lives back to normal as well as prosecute the criminals who commit crimes against people with autism and other disabilities. You may want to work with your local chapter of the

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